

Managing Our Environmental Footprint Scorecard

ZERO FINES

for infringements of regulations for handling waste across the Group¹

CLIMATE-RELATED DISCLOSURES

Transitioning from TCFD to the ISSB IFRS S2 standards

INCLUSION OF SINGAPORE SPECIALIST CLINICS AND FULLERTON HEALTH (VIETNAM)

into GHG emissions Inventory for Scope 2

Performance (FY2025)

Waste	Units				
Hazardous Waste ²	tonnes ³	0.05	58.52 ⁶	12.44 ⁷	NR
	litres ⁴	17,657.67	NA	NA	NA
	number of medical bags ⁵	9	NA	NA	NA
Non-hazardous Waste	tonnes	0.51	42.18	NR	NR

Performance (FY2025)

Energy Use				
Fuel Consumption (GJ)	1,310.00 ¹⁰	3,427.28 ¹¹	372.09 ¹⁴	97.39
Energy consumption (MWh) - Electricity	3,381.51	2,781.19	628.48	350
Electricity energy intensity (MWh/m ²)	0.43 ⁸	0.09 ¹²	0.07 ¹⁵	0.08 ¹⁶
Total energy intensity (MWh/m ²)	0.47 ⁹	0.18 ¹³	0.08	0.08

NR: Not Reported

NA: Not applicable

Performance (FY2025)

Greenhouse Gas Emissions

				
Scope 1 emissions (tCO ₂ e)	98.67	250.73	26.39	NA
Scope 2 emissions (Location-Based) (tCO ₂ e)	1,359.37	1,941.16	527.92	64.20
Scope 2 emissions intensity (tCO ₂ e/m ²)	0.17	0.07	0.06	0.05
Scope 3 emissions (tCO ₂ e)	20,700.66	14,921.82	NR	NR
- Category 1: Purchased Goods and Services	17,121.52	12,508.54	NR	NR
- Category 2: Capital Goods	1,242.43	516.32	NR	NR
- Category 4: Upstream Transportation & Distribution	1,226.63	122.37	NR	NR
- Category 5: Waste	0.04	58.79	NR	NR
- Category 6: Business Travel	694.05	167.92	NR	NR
- Category 7: Employee Commuting	415.98	1,547.88	NR	NR

¹ This performance highlight does not include Fullerton Health (Vietnam).

² Due to limitations in data availability from waste vendors, we employ three distinct methods for measuring different types of hazardous waste: by weight (tonnes), by the number of bags, and by volume (litres). Fullerton Health (Singapore) is working towards improving data collection methods for hazardous waste in future reports.

³ Waste measured in tonnes include biohazard and medical waste, aqueous waste (organic and inorganic solvents) and glass bottles.

⁴ Sharps and biohazardous waste are measured in litres. Volume of waste reported in litres has been estimated using the maximum capacity of the volume of hazardous waste containers.

⁵ Medical bags are measured by the count of medical bags disposed.

⁶ Waste data for Fullerton Health (Philippines) excludes Avega due to data unavailability. Asalus data only includes non-hazardous waste while Aventus includes both hazardous and non-hazardous waste.

⁷ FY2025 medical waste data covers GAMC, TMC Bellagio and GSKG Laboratory.

⁸ Electricity energy intensity is calculated based on electricity consumption per unit of gross floor area.

⁹ Total energy intensity is calculated based on fuel and electricity consumption per unit of gross floor area. Restatement was made for FY24 to improve comparability.

¹⁰ Refer to the Reporting Methodology section [in the full Sustainability Report 2025](#) for more details.

¹¹ Refer to the Reporting Methodology section [in the full Sustainability Report 2025](#) for more details.

¹² Electricity energy intensity only considers electricity consumption per floor area.

¹³ Total energy intensity considers both electricity and fuel consumption per floor area for FY2024 and

¹⁴ FY2025 energy and GHG emissions data cover GAMC, TMC Bellagio and GSKG Laboratory.

¹⁵ Electricity energy intensity only considers electricity per floor area.

¹⁶ Fullerton Health (Vietnam) did not consume any fuel in FY24 and FY25; therefore, total energy intensity equals electricity energy intensity.